

Solutions 1

1. a) $\mathcal{F} = \{\emptyset, \{2\}, \{5\}, \{1, 3\}, \{2, 5\}, \{4, 6\}, \{1, 2, 3\}, \{1, 3, 5\}, \{2, 4, 6\}, \{4, 5, 6\}, \{1, 2, 3, 5\}, \{1, 3, 4, 6\}, \{2, 4, 5, 6\}, \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6\}, \{1, 3, 4, 5, 6\}, \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}\}$ ($16 = 2^4$ elements)
 b) atoms of \mathcal{F} : $\{1, 3\}, \{2\}, \{4, 6\}, \{5\}$. Notice that one also has $\mathcal{F} = \sigma(\{1, 3\}, \{2\}, \{4, 6\}, \{5\})$, as already mentioned in the problem set.

2. The set Ω (representing the set of possible values of weights for the object) is $]0, 100]$. We describe below the σ -fields \mathcal{F}_A , \mathcal{F}_B et \mathcal{F}_C using their respective atoms:

$$\mathcal{F}_A = \sigma(]0, 20],]20, 40],]40, 50],]50, 60],]60, 70],]70, 80],]80, 90],]90, 100]),$$

$$\mathcal{F}_B = \sigma(]0, 20],]20, 40],]40, 60],]60, 80],]80, 100]),$$

$$\mathcal{F}_C = \sigma(]0, 10],]10, 20],]20, 30],]30, 40],]40, 50],]50, 60],]60, 70],]70, 80],]80, 90],]90, 100]).$$

We therefore have $\mathcal{F}_B \subset \mathcal{F}_A \subset \mathcal{F}_C$, that is, B has the least information on the weight, and C has the most. Only A and C are able to tell whether the weight is between 40 and 50g.

Remark: $]0, 10] \subset]0, 20]$, but notice that $\mathcal{F}_B \subset \mathcal{F}_C$!

3. a) $\Omega = \emptyset^c$.

b) use de Morgan's formula: $(\cap_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n)^c = (\cup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n^c)$.

c) $B \setminus A = B \cap A^c$.

4. atoms of \mathcal{F} : $[-1, -\frac{3}{4}[\cup]\frac{3}{4}, 1[$, $[-\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}[$, $[\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{4}[$, $[-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}[\cup]\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}[$, $[-\frac{1}{4}, 0[$, $[0, \frac{1}{4}[$.