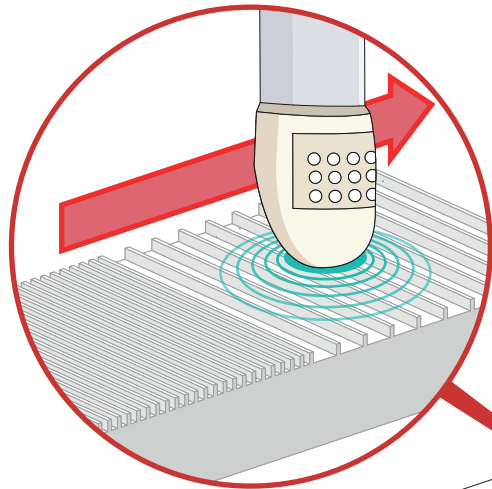


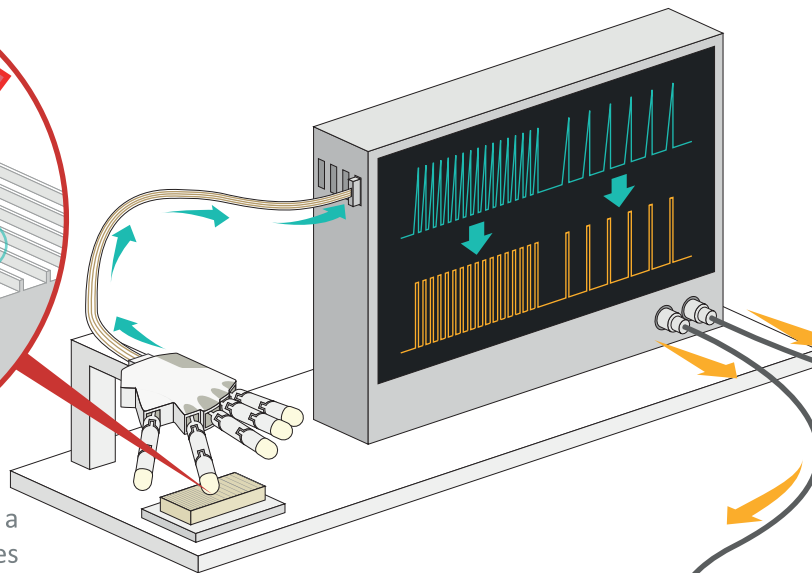
Feeling Texture with a Bionic Fingertip

An amputee and non-amputees feel textural features in realtime from an artificial fingertip connected to nerves in the arm.

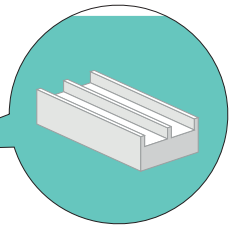
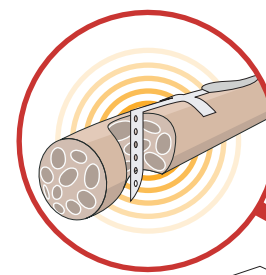
Sensors in the fingertip generate an **electrical signal** by moving across the textured surface.



Lines close together have a smoother texture than lines that are farther apart.

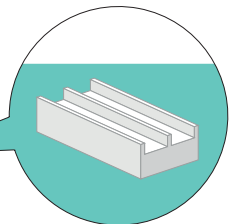
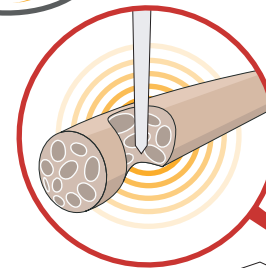
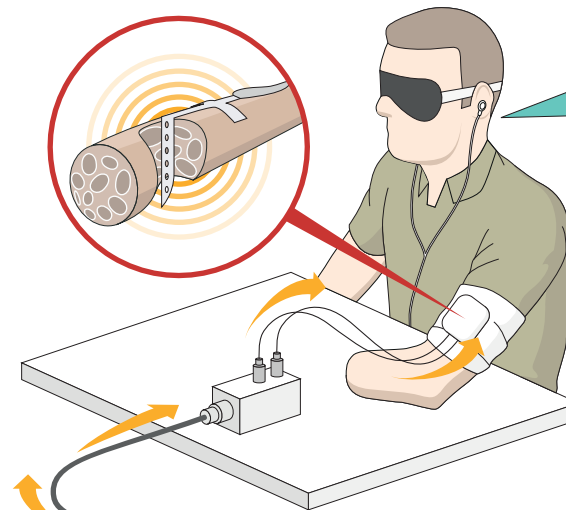


This signal from the fingertip is translated into a series of **electrical spikes**, imitating the language of the nervous system, then delivered to the nerves.



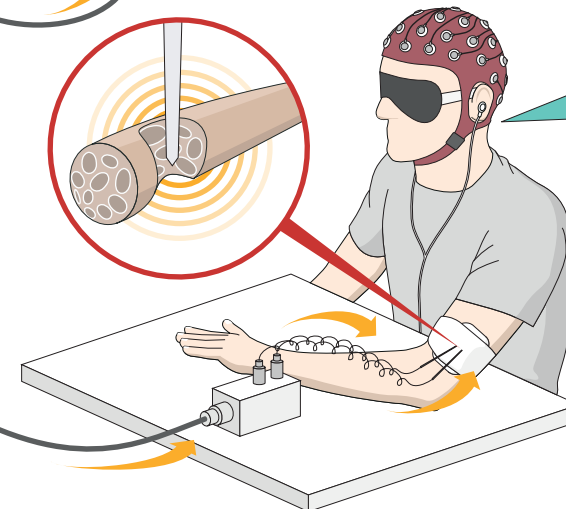
96%

The amputee could tell 96% of the time if the surface was rough or smooth.



77%

The non-amputee could tell 77% of the time if the surface was rough or smooth.



Does the bionic fingertip really resemble the feeling of touch from a real finger? Brain scans collected by an EEG cap placed on the subject's head revealed that activated regions in the brain were analogous.